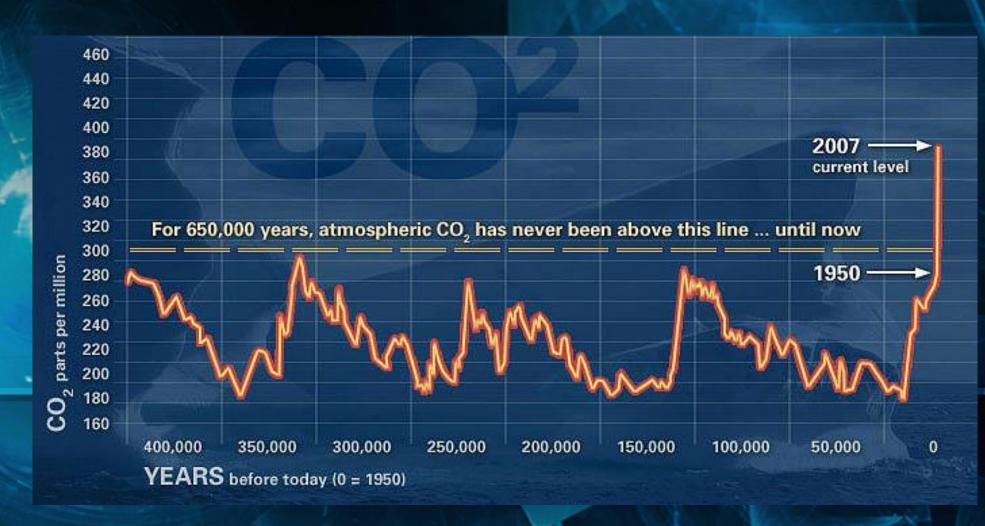
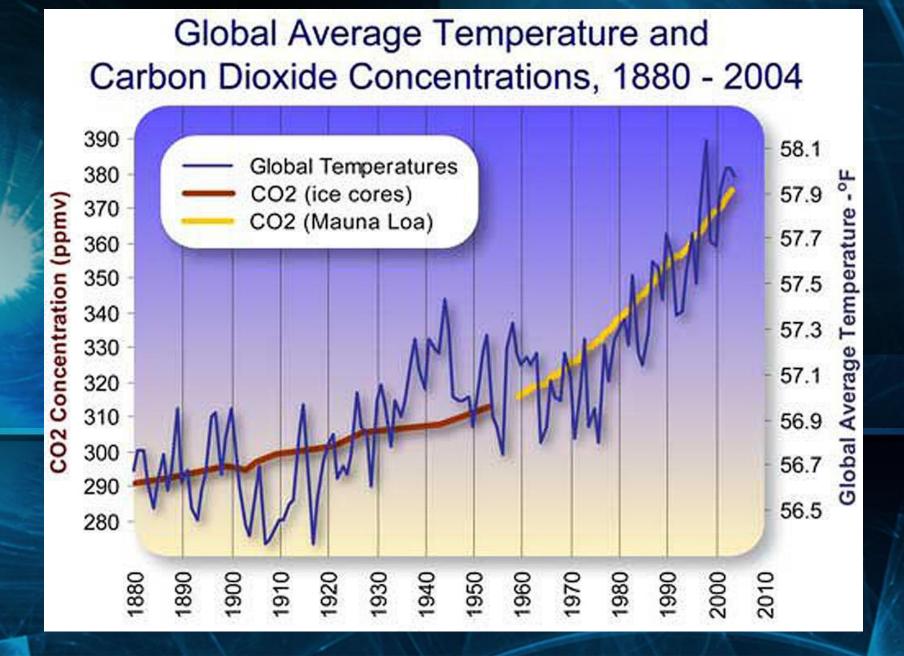
Climate Change and the Oceans: Why You Should Care

Ellen Prager, PhD President, Earth2Ocean, Inc. Science Advisor, Aquarius Reef Base/UNCW

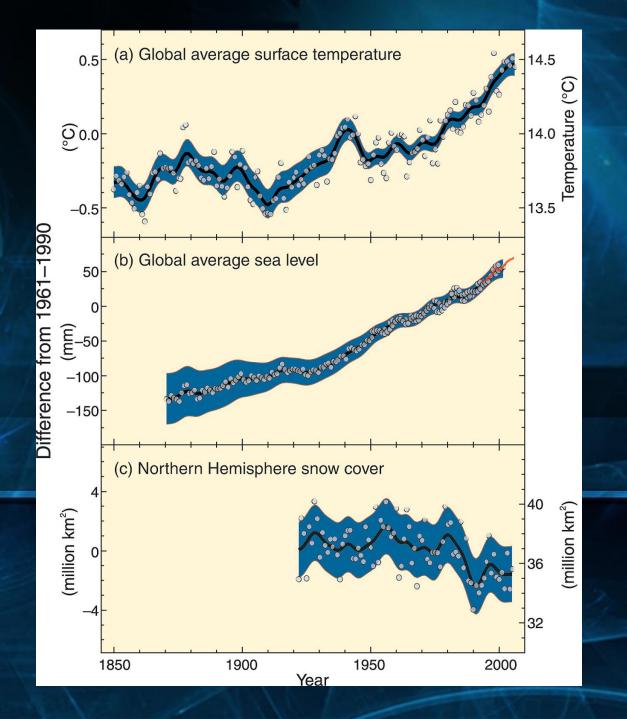




NOAA



Climate Change Impacts



Research

IPCC, 2007

Ocean Impacts



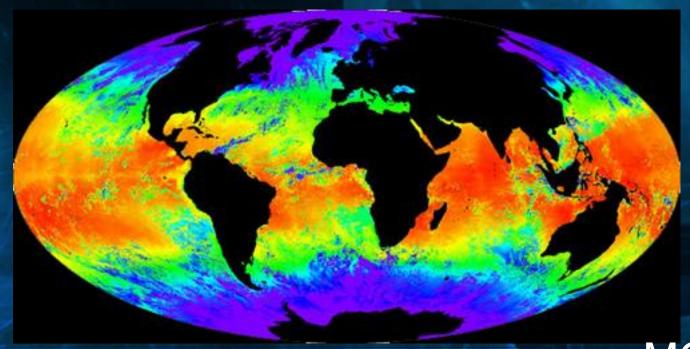
- Seawater Temperature
- Ocean Chemistry
- Sea Level Rise
- Air-Sea Interactions (Hurricanes)
- Marine Life





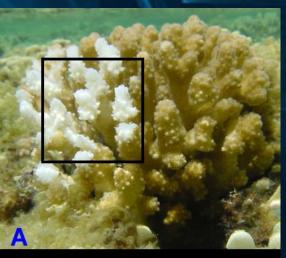


Sea Surface Temperatures



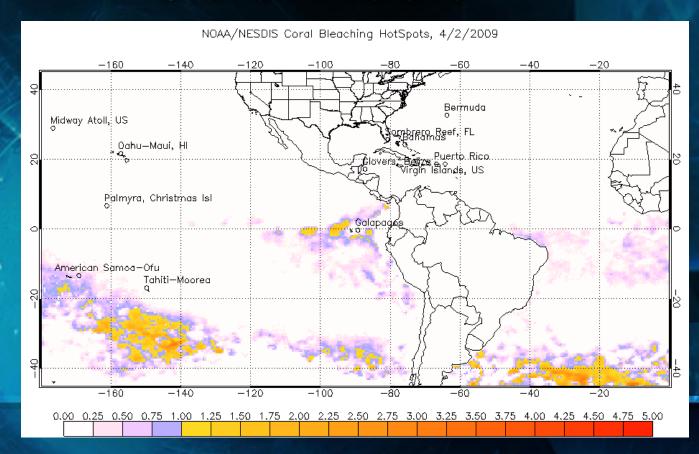
MODIS, NASA

- Change in natural range of organisms
- Shutdown of upwelling systems
- Increase in dead zones



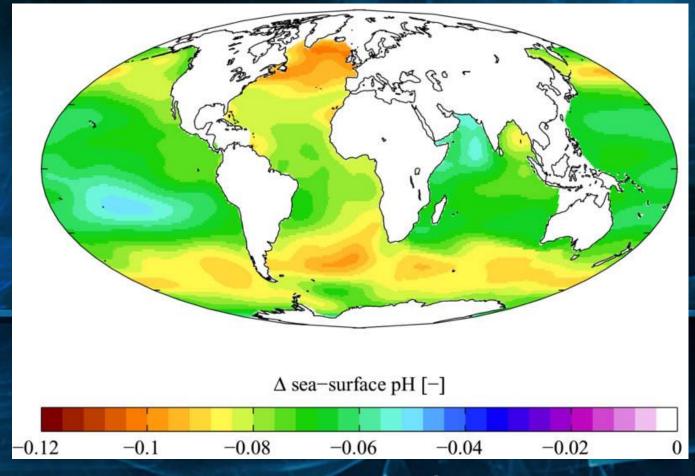


Coral Reefs



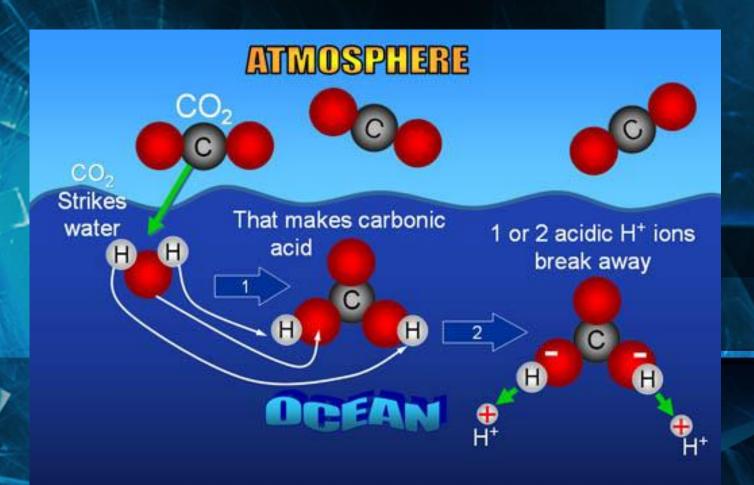
Potential areas of thermal stress for corals
Disease susceptibility

Sea Surface pH Change (pre-industrial to 1990s)



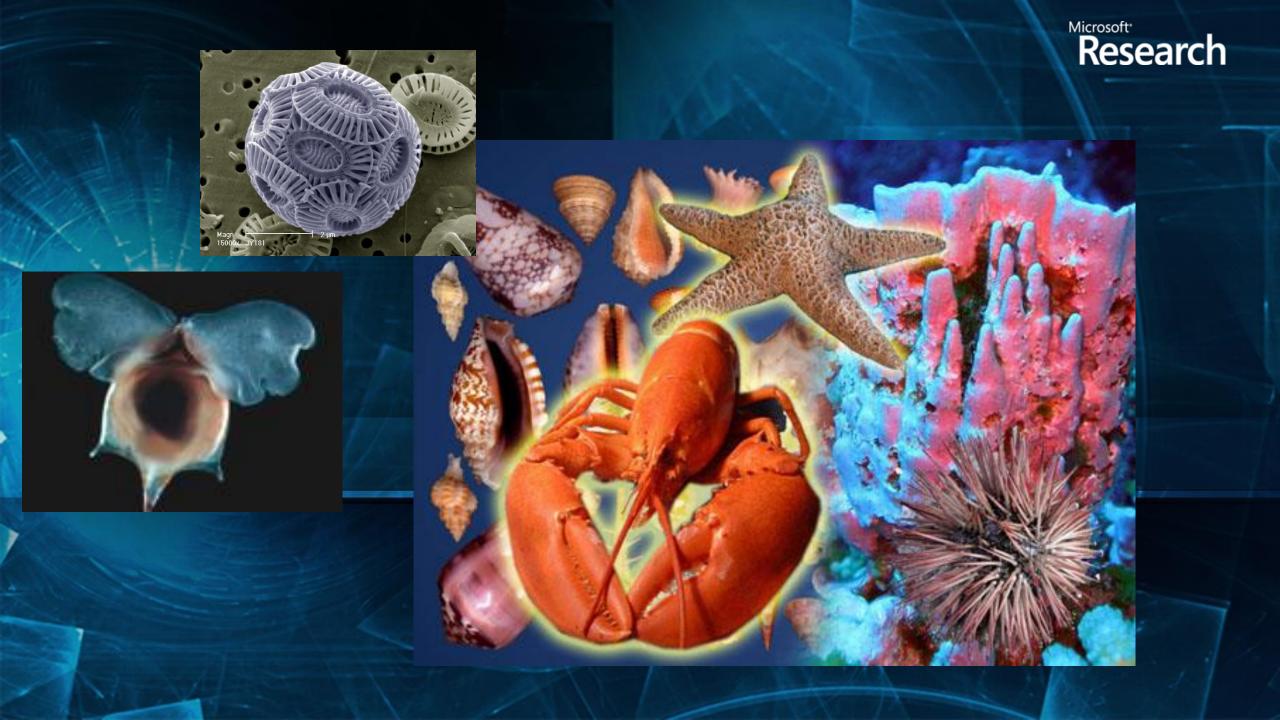
Pacific Science Association, 2007

Ocean Acidification



- Less CO3 available to make CaCO3
- Lower saturation of CaCO3
- May cause dissolution of CaCO3

Ken Costello



Scenario for Great Barrier Reef



O. Hoegh-Guldberg et al., Science (2007)

Aquarius Reef Base, Key Largo, FL



Technology testbed:
Prototype underwater mass spectrometer

Why You Should Care

- Food: Important Source of Protein
- Human Health
- Jobs
- Economic Revenue
- Social and Political Stability
- Tourism, Recreation, and Quality of Life
- Culture and Tradition
- Life Support for the Planet

Fish Are Food and Big Business





- An important source of protein for billions
- U.S. Consumers spend more than \$50 billion on seafood each year



Worldwide 520 million employed by commercial fishing and aquaculture



 Lack of fishing can lead to social and political instability (Somali pirates), loss of traditional cultures and generational way of life

Coral Reefs: Need Bailout \$\$\$

- \$375 Billion worldwide in annual economic revenue!!!!!
- Fisheries
- Protection from waves and storms
- Millions of jobs









Microsoft Research







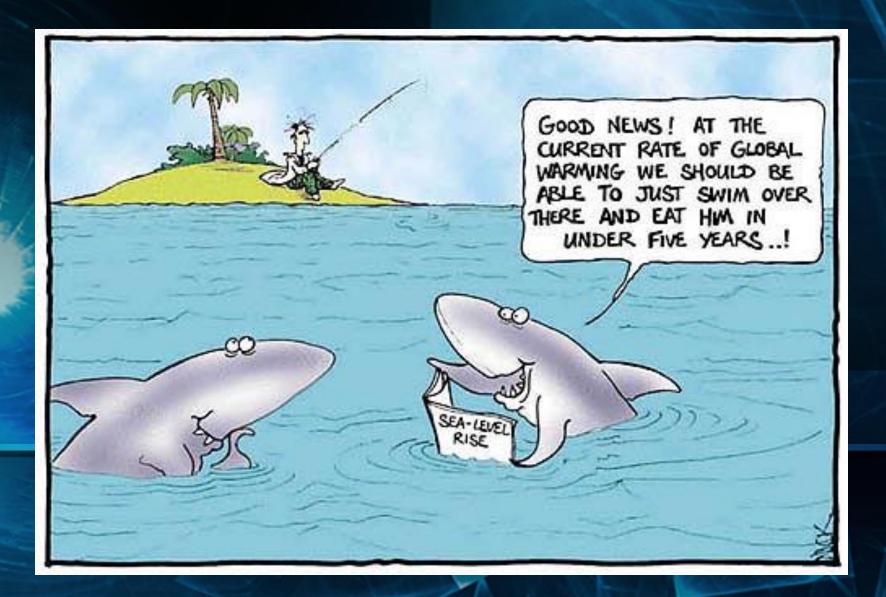
Human Health

• Drugs from the sea -

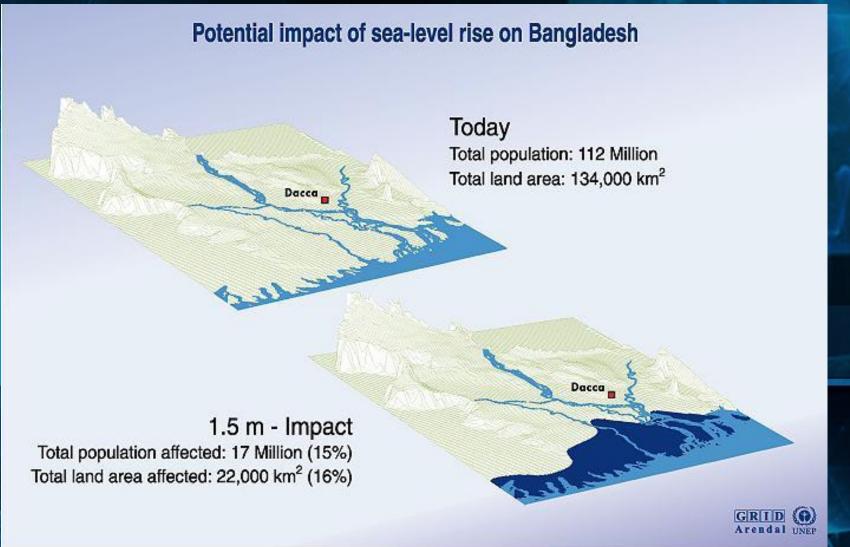
Bryostatin (marine invertebrate), Discodermolide (sponge), and Ecteinascindin (sea squirt)

- Molecular Probes
- Bioremediation
- Marine Models
- Marine Hazards
- Disease





Flooding and Storm Damage



Coastal Populations

Low lying coasts

Island nations

Source: UNEP/GRID Geneva; University of Dacca; JRO Munich; The World Bank; World Resources Institute, Washington D.C.

Finding Solutions

- Investment
- Political will
- Public engagement
- Consider social aspects of problems
- Better decision making based on science
- Improved and adaptive management
- Management of people, not nature